

Brief Introduction

I. Main Content

Statistics in this chapter include figures on investment in fixed assets and real estate development in Beijing, etc.

II. Scope of Statistics

Before and in 1996, the threshold of fixed assets investment statistics was RMB 50,000 and above; after 1996, it was adjusted to RMB 500,000 and above; since 2011, the figure has been adjusted to RMB 5 million and above.

The scope of statistics on real estate development covers all legal entities in real estate exploitation management that have development and business activities.

III. Changes in Relevant Statistical Standards

(I) Classification of Sectors. The standards in the *Classification of National Economic Sectors (GB/T 4754-2017)* are implemented since 2018.

(II) Classification of Three Industries. According to the *Classification of National Economic Sectors (GB/T 4754-2002)*, the National Bureau of Statistics issued the *Notice of the National Bureau of Statistics on the Issuance of the 'Regulations on Three Industries Classification'* (G.T.Z. [2003] No. 14) in 2003. According to the *Classification of National Economic Sectors (GB/T*

4754-2011) promulgated by the General Administration of Quality Supervision, Inspection and Quarantine of the People's Republic of China and the Standardization Administration of the People's Republic of China, the National Bureau of Statistics revised the *Regulations on Three Industries Classification* of 2003 version in 2012. Adjustments were mainly made in the following aspects: Firstly, the "service activities for agriculture, forestry, animal husbandry and fishing" in the category of "agriculture, forestry, animal production and hunting, fishing", the "mining support service activities" in the category of "mining and quarrying", and the "repair of fabricated metal products, machinery and equipment" in the category of "manufacturing" were adjusted to the tertiary industry. After adjustment, the primary industry fell into 4 categories; the secondary industry fell into 2 classes and 36 categories; and the tertiary industry fell into 15 classes and 3 categories. Secondly, the tertiary industry was defined as the service industry.

The classification of three industries since 2012 as mentioned in this chapter has all been subject to the classification provisions after adjustment.